

Progression in: Malleable Materials- playdough, clay, dough

Stage	Progression in learning and development - knowledge, understanding and skills demonstrated by the child		Progression in provision — the role of the adult in extending experiences and resources	Vocabulary
Age 1-2 Years	Initial exploration stage	Description Touching the dough/clay. Patting the dough/clay. Picking it up and putting it down. Pulling it. Pushing large items into the dough. This stage is characterized by the pure sensory experience of the playdough, with their sense of touch, smell, sight.	 Model how to pat and squish the dough. Provide different colours and scents. Provide dry and sticky dough, wet clay, dry clay etc. Provide the children with large items to press into the dough/tap the dough. Resources. Pine cones, sticks, containers, shapes, cutters, rolling pins. At this stage, the adult models and supports the children with how to handle the dough, but exploration is key. They give a running commentary on what the children are doing. 	At this stage, practitioners model saying key vocabulary-specific words might be tricky for the children to pronounce. Squish, squash, pat, tap, poke.
Ages 3-4 Years	Discovery and imagination stage	Description Pounding and hitting the playdough, using their hands and tools. Squishing, pinching and poking. Rolling. "piled" and stacked shapes and clumps. very little detail. This stage is characterized by the pure sensory experience of the playdough. Attention is on the manipulation and exploration of the playdough for the sheer pleasure of it.	 Provide children with a range of tools for the manipulate the dough/clay with. Providing large amounts and small amounts of dough/clay for the children to manipulate in different ways. Model the different techniques of manipulating the dough/play. Texture of the dough. Resources: Cutters, rolling pins- some that have different textures to make patterns, cake cases, scissors, extruders. At this stage the adults support the children with how to use the tools effectively. They discuss the process. 	At this stage, the children apply the words from the above age bracket and practitioners model the following: stretch, pound, press, push, pinch, poke, rub, squish, roll, create, rough, smooth, hard, bumpy, soft, shiny

Ages 4-5 Years



Manipulating the dough with an outcome in mind. The process may change in the moment, but the children begin to discuss this.

Description

- Manipulating the dough in specific, chosen ways.
- Adding other materials.
- Manipulating the dough with tools.
- Detail within the clay/dough.
- Pushing small items into the clay/dough.
- Using a range of tools to achieve their desired outcome.

This stage is characterized by the children using the dough with a specific purpose. Attention is on the manipulation of the dough and the techniques the children use. They verbalise these techniques within their play.

- Provide children with loose parts that can be added to the playdough/clay.
- Provide the children with dough to choose how they manipulate it.
- Provide the children with recipe cards to make the dough independently.

Resources:

Matchsticks, feathers, pasta, twigs, buttons, shells, googly eyes, letter and number stamps. All resources mentioned above too.

At this stage the adults question the children as to how they are manipulating the dough. Can they use key vocabulary to describe? At this stage, the children apply the words from the above age bracket and practitioners model the following:

Knead, mould, thread, sculpt, stretch, gritty, rubbery, jagged, twizzle, massage