Curriculum Intent:

Geography — To equip children with knowledge about places, resources and both natural and human environments, together with a deep understanding of the Earth's key physical and human processes.



Sub ject	Term	Unit
Geography	Year 2 Summer 2	Wish You Were Here!

Prior knowledge
Prior knowledge
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Building on knowledge and skills

Year l

Spring 1- Locational knowledge

Name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas

Year 2

<u>Autumn 1 -</u> Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.

Autumn 2 Human and physical geography

Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.

Geographical skills and fieldwork

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features.

<u>Place knowledge</u>

Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.

Summer 1

Local study

Geographical skills and fieldwork

Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.

Human and physical geography

- key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office.
- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.
- Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

National Curriculum Focus

Human and physical geography

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to:

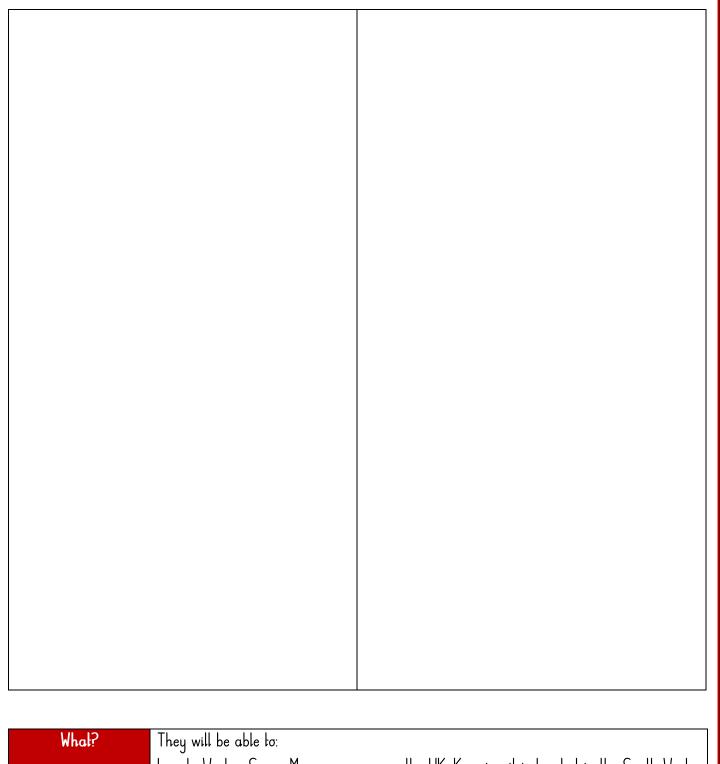
- key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest,
 hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather
- key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop

Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map.

 Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.

Field work

- Adding details to a teacher prepared drawing.
- Making annotated drawings to show variations.
- Drawing a free hand map.
- Relating a large -scale plan to the environment identifying known reatures.
- Marking information on a large-scale plan using colour or symbols to record observations.
- Investigate environmental issues eg litter and number of waste bins.
- Using simple compass and cardinal compass directions North,
 South, East and West.
- Taking digital photos.



Locate Weston-Super-Mare on a map of the UK. Knowing it is located in the South West and seeing its location compared to Coseley. To understand that the UK is sparated into areas called counties .

To know that Coseley is in the county West Midlands and Weston is in North Somerset Name the nearest city to Weston as Bristol and to travel to Weston you need to cross the River Avon.

To know that Weston is situated on the coast and the sea is called the Bristol Channel. To know Weston has a beach , a pier and people visit the town as tourists and this is shown in the types of shops and businesses that are in Bristol.

	To use an aerial photo, digital maps, an OS map and a street plan of Weston. Using keys to the maps to locate Parking, toilets, beach, pie,r museum, picnic areas, cliffs and playgrounds. To draw their own sketch map of places they have visited on the field trip. Including a key. To take part in field work following a map, taking digital photos identifying coastal geographical features. Comparing Weston to Coseley.
Why?	The children will understand the features in coastal towns in the UK and that coastal towns are situated around the UK because it is an island. To understand how their locality, Coseley, differs from coastal towns and why. To find Coseley and a Weston on the map of the UK To know the geographical vocabulary of a coastal town -and be able to find these on a map and for real on a field work visit. To be able to use a key on an OS map, and street map. To read and use a street map on a field trip. To communicate a route by drawing a sketch map with a key.
How?	Using aerial photographs, google maps, OS map and sketch maps. Using a compass to identify North, South, East and West directions. To participate in a field work visit to Weston and locate the coastal features beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather. To read and follow a street map and find key features eg beach, museum they could need.

Key vocabulary			
aerial view	A view from above.	route	A way from one place to another.
_F ieldwork	Practical work conducted by a researcher in the natural environment, rather than in a laboratory or office.	beach	A pebbly or sandy shore by the sea.
sea	A body of sall water not as large as an ocean and often nearly surrounded by land.	ocean	Large bodies of water.

coast	The part of the land adjoining or near the sea	compass	A compass is a tool for finding direction. A simple compass is a magnetic needle mounted on a pivot, or short pin. The needle, which can spin freely, always points north. The pivot is attached to a compass card.
human geography	Features of land that have been impacted by human activity	compass points	North, South, East, West.
physical geography	Natural features of land.	directions	Left, Right.
key	Explains what a symbol on a map means.	pier	A pier is a raised structure that rises above a body of water and usually juts out from its shore, typically supported by piles or pillars, and provides above-water access to offshore areas.
clitt	A steep rock face, especially at the edge of the sea.	łourisł	A person who travels and visits places for pleasure and interest.

Key Questions

- 1. Where are Coseley and Weston Super Mare situated on a UK map and which counties are they located in?
- 2 What do the terms "coastal" town and "midlands" town mean?
 - 3. Which major cities are Coseley and Weston Super Mare situated by?
- 4. When would use the different types of maps? (digital, OS, street maps and sketch maps)
- 5. Which human and physical features can you find on aerial photos, 0.5 maps, street maps of Weston Super Mare?
- 6.Can I read and follow a street map of Weston Super Mare?
- 7. Can I identify a cliff, beach, pier and the sea on my field trip to Weston Super Mare.
- 8. Can I draw a sketch map between two places I visited on my field trip to Weston Super Mare.
- 9. Can I give examples how Coseley and Weston Super Mare are the same and different.

Key learning	
Ob jective	Learning

Can I locate
Weston
Super Mare
on a map of
the Uk
describing
the towns
locations
and the
counties
they are
located in.?



Use large UK map, to find Coseley (Dudley) and the "First Atlas's" Note that Weston Super Mare is on the South West of the UK and on the coast — Where the land meets the sea. The sea is called the Bristol Channel. Coseley is a midland town because it is in the middle of England not next to the sea. The UK is divided into areas called counties. Weston Super Mare is in North Somerset and Coseley is in the West Midlands. Use the Atlas to locate the nearest city to Coseley and Weston Super Mare — Bristol and Wolverhampton or Birmingham.

Can I use
google maps
and aerial
photographs
to find
physical
and human
features of
Weston
Super Mare?

Using the chrome books and google maps explore the map of Weston Super Mare — the seafront area. . Zoom in and out . Mention how the sea is blue the beach is yellow . Note and explain the key vocabulary being used today from the key vocabulary list. Remind the children Weston Super Mare is a coastal town and a tourist destination. Noet the cliffs . Explore the layers on google maps and the street view tool.

Can I use an OS map to find physical and Show the copy of the OS explorer map . Use the visualiser to concentrate on the beach front area of Weston Super Mare . What symbols can they see?

Show the key used on an OS map.

Find human and physical features.

Identify key roads, houses discuss and explain what is meant by "Mean High Water- average high tide mark. human Discuss what is meant by high and low tides. features of Weston Super Mare. Can I read and give DOG WALKING directions from a street map. Read the key together and teacher model giving directions from the map using left right straight on Children use the map to verbalise directions to each other in pairs. Discuss the 3 types of map used of the sea front of Weston Super Mare and their advantages and disadvantages. When would they best be used? Can I Field Trip Visit. identi fy key Using the street map above walk along Weston Beach on Marine and Royal parade following the street map. coastal Identify sea, beach, cliff, pier and from the map seaaquarium, toilets, parking, Beach Lawns and Winter features on Gardens. Note the shops and businesses in a seaside town - beach equipment shops, good outlets, hotels . a field trip Draw sketch pictures of the features. visit to Beach visit and packed lunch — see website for links to rent a space on the beach with toilet pass. Have an ice Weston lolly. Super Mare . Take digital photos of the key features. Investigate environmental issues eg litter and number of waste bins. Using simple compass and cardinal compass directions North, South, East and West . Can I draw Using the digital photos taken on the field trip and sketch drawings to draw their own sketch map of the sea

a sketch

map and

create a key

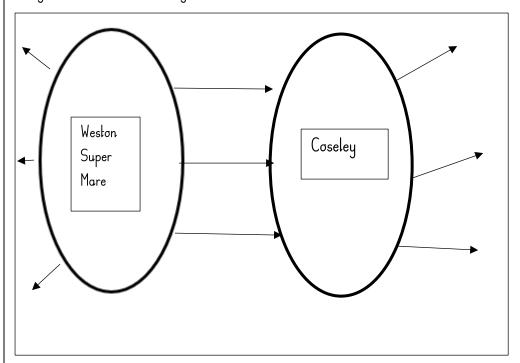
front at Weston Super Mare.

Give directions using the map in pairs.

Include a key .

Can I say
the main
similarities
differences
between
Weston
Super Mare
and Coseley

Using a "double bubble" diagram



Note the difference between a coastal town and a Midlands town . Human and physical geographical features.

Websites

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Tourist in formation site https://www.visit-westonsupermare.com/

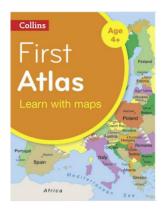
https://www.visit-westonsupermare.com/things-to-do

Contact to book beach visit https://n-somerset.gov.uk/my-services/libraries-leisure-open-spaces/beaches-coast/school-visits-weston-sea grant

Brochures and maps https://www.visit-westonsupermare.com/visitor-info/brochures-and-maps

Recommended Reads







Golden Thread

Global awareness: Save our seas, save our trees and save our planet...

Experience Day (Trip / visitor)

Field trip to sea front of Weston Super Mare .